This Diploma Supplement model was developed by the European Commission, Council of Europe and UNESCO/CEPES. The purpose of the supplement is to provide sufficient independent data to improve the international ‘transparency’ and fair academic and professional recognition of qualifications (diplomas, degrees, certificates etc.). It is designed to provide a description of the nature, level, context, content and status of the studies that were pursued and successfully completed by the individual named on the original qualification to which this supplement is appended. It should be free from any value judgements, equivalence statements or suggestions about recognition. Information in all eight sections should be provided. Where information is not provided, an explanation should give the reason why.

1. HOLDER OF THE QUALIFICATION
1.1 Family Name / 1.2 First Name
Mustermann, Hans

1.3 Date, Place, Country of Birth
1974-06-23, Musterhausen

1.4 Student ID Number or Code
7824

2. QUALIFICATION
2.1 Name of Qualification (full, abbreviated; in original language)
Bachelor of Arts (B.A.)

Title Conferred (full, abbreviated; in original language)
Does not apply

2.2 Main Field(s) of Study

International Tourism Studies with the specializations:
- Tour Operator and Travel Agency Management
- Hotel Management
- Destination Management
- Tourism Markets and Marketing
- Mobility and Transport Carrier Management
- Business Travel Management
- International Tourism Management
- Consumer Goods Marketing
- Event Management Planning

2.3 Institution Awarding the Qualification (in original language)
Hochschule Harz - Hochschule für angewandte Wissenschaften (FH)

Status (Type / Control)
University of Applied Sciences / State University

2.4 Institution Administering Studies (in original language)
Hochschule Harz - Hochschule für angewandte Wissenschaften (FH)

Status (Type / Control)
University of Applied Sciences / State University

2.5 Language(s) of Instruction/Examination
In German and English or German and French depending on the partner university
3. LEVEL OF THE QUALIFICATION

3.1 Level
graduate/first professional qualifying degree with degree thesis

3.2 Official Length of Programme
3.5 years with 7 semesters

3.3 Access Requirements
Before beginning the studies, one of the following conditions for admission must be fulfilled:
- General Higher Education Entrance Qualification
- Specialised Higher Education Entrance Qualification
- General Higher Education Entrance Qualification for Universities of Applied Sciences
- University Administered Entrance Exam
- A qualification for entrance to higher education deemed equivalent by the Land Saxony-Anhalt.

4. CONTENTS AND RESULTS GAINED

4.1 Mode of Study
Full-time, on-campus programme

4.2 Programme Requirements/Qualification Profile of the Graduate
The accredited bachelor course "International Tourism Studies" pursues the goal of conveying specific specialist competencies of tourism management to the students. Graduates are qualified to support actively and independently the management of enterprises and organisations in a practical and solution-oriented manner. The graduates of this course of study have learned about tourism markets from an international perspective. In order to fulfil their management tasks successfully, students have acquired supplemental key qualifications (social competencies, ability to work in a team, presentation and facilitation techniques) as well as comprehensive language skills (including intercultural competencies). Equipped with the specialist competencies of tourism management, necessary foreign language skills and the social competencies required in modern corporate cultures, graduates, after a short period of practical professional experience, are qualified to gain access to management tasks in the field of tourism.

The course of study trains junior managers for the tourism industry, which comprises one of the most significant economic sectors for creating employment in modern economies. The forecasted growth of the global tourism sector is accompanied by a rising demand for qualified employees. With its disproportionately small number of academically trained employees, the tourism industry still has a high potential for absorbing business trained graduates - especially those with above average knowledge of this area of the service sector.

Basically, the contents of the studies are practical and application-oriented in order to familiarise students with tasks common to the tourism industry. However, the experience with operative management activities should not obstruct the view for alternative courses of action. Therefore, graduates have also to think strategically. He/she has learned that the continuous improvements of business processes are not only an important management challenge, but also the responsibility of every position in an enterprise.

The course of study "International Tourism Studies", is organized as a dual degree programme. Two internationally recognized professionally qualifying degrees are awarded in six semesters. A special challenge is represented by the two-semester stay abroad that is integrated into the curriculum and required for the attainment of the second bachelor degree from a partner institute of higher education.

Through its modulated structure, the curriculum ensures the flexibility and mobility required for the stay abroad and offers the students the opportunity to intensively further develop their personal and social competencies as well as their specialist skills and foreign language skills.
The design of the bachelor course of study, "International Tourism Studies" is based on the insight that enterprises in highly developed tourism markets are more and more dependent on scientific knowledge in order to stay competitive. In the face of globalisation, managers in tourism enterprises are now confronted with increasingly large problems, which can no longer be solved through the knowledge of a single discipline. We see our core competency in training graduates to solve such problems in an international context.

With ist curriculum tailored to the needs of international tourism markets, the basic objective of the course of study is to train tourism managers who, immediately after their studies, are able to actively support management in tasks relevant to tourism management and later assume executive management responsibilities. In detail, the course of studies "International Tourism Studies" pursues the following goals:

1. Based on a sound fundamental business education, the scholarly training focuses on an interdisciplinary curriculum, the contents of which corresponds to the most current standards of knowledge.

2. The course of studies especially emphasises the development of problem solving competencies. The furtherance of social and communicative competencies is also of special significance.

3. In order to ensure the quality of teaching, the continuous development of the teaching contents and modern forms of learning remain a focal point in the activities of all instructors in the field of tourism.

**Tour Operator and Travel Agency Management:**
In the centre of this professional field orientation stands the examination of tourism business processes (tour operators and travel intermediaries) under the specific conditions of a dynamically changing market. On the basis of the knowledge of strategic challenges as well as operative activities in the tourism industry, the graduate can assume responsibilities and duties inside the management of a tour operator or travel intermediary but can also in addition develop alternatives of action as the basis for strategic decisions.

The graduate has an overview of the interplay of operational activities inside and outside of the value-added chain and can judge the opportunities and risks of various business models in the tourism industry (including among others, traditional tour operators vs. Integrated tourism companies; franchising systems/cooperation models vs. Independent travel agents). The significance of the technical environment of the tourism industry (including among others, computer reservation and back office systems, internet portals, dynamic packaging, social media) can be assessed for the networking of internal business processes as well as within the interplay of the tourism value-added chain.

**Hotel Management:**
The graduate knows the structures and developments of the hospitality market and knows how to arrange this and to react to it. He is trusted with the process of the strategical planning and the meaning hanging together with it of the positioning for the Hospitality. He knows the suitable marketing instruments and knows how to use this within the scope of the surgical planning actually. He is aware of the typically specific identification numbers and cost structures in the Hospitality and able to value and to generate suitable solution.

The graduate knows the calculation models within the scope of accomodation and Food & Beverages and is familiar with the instrument of the Yield management. He is familiar with the contact of the current reservation systems and knows the standards matching for the Hospitality. By the application of case studies and projects specific for hotel the graduate is able not only to strengthen his problem consciousness and to generate solution attempts his social competence separates to develop team orientation and communication knowledge.

**Destination Management:**
Graduates of this module will have gained a familiarity with destination management, in
particular from the point of view of incoming visitors. Modern legal and organisational forms and conceptual frameworks (mission statements, marketing concepts, action plans) will have been presented as central areas of focus. The graduate will be able to devise solutions of their own on the basis of applied case studies that relate to both German and foreign destinations (federal states, regions, cities, towns and resorts). The graduate will also have been made aware of the relationship between tourism and health and the significance of health and spa tourism. Moreover, the graduate will have learned to differentiate the health tourism market by offer, consumers and influencing factors. The graduate will have dealt with aspects of health tourism management and been made aware of the factors for success in the wellness sector. Furthermore, graduates will have become familiar with the role of the leisure industry within tourism and be able to assess specific features on both supply and demand sides. Through applied domestic and international examples, the graduate will have learned about selected aspects of leisure management and marketing and know how to put them into practice. This module is rounded off by an analysis of the economic, socio-cultural and ecological effects of tourism in target areas with the graduate receiving particular training in sustainable approaches.

Tourism Markets and Marketing:
The graduate knows the most important tourism markets from the demand and supply side, including the customer groups "55plus" and family tourism as well as sport and active tourism. He knows about consumer behaviour and how travel decisions take place and is able to judge the extent to which products are marketable. Therefore, the graduate himself has the capability of developing tourism products, and can judge which distribution channels are respectively the most promising, whereby he is especially knowledgeable about direct channels (internet etc.) Since efficient communication policies belong to the marketing of products, the graduate can judge the efficiency of various communication measures and plan their implementation. Similarly, service quality is inseparable from tourism products. The graduate has acquired the ability to act in a customer oriented manner; he knows how customer dissatisfaction arises, and has been trained with regard to improving his capacity for empathy.

Mobility and Transport Carrier Management:
The graduate has acquired an overview of the essential market segments and trends of the industry as well as historical developments and become acquainted with approaches that transcend individual forms of transport in tourism transport (e.g. mobility management). In addition, he knows about important institutions in the individual transportation markets, has acquired an overview of the essential functions in the observed common carriers (esp. bus, rail, airlines, rental cars, cruises) and became acquainted with the appropriate instruments of marketing management to attain the corporate targets on the individual transportation markets and can assess their effectiveness. He is familiar with the legal framework as a precondition for understanding business decisions. A focal point of the educational program lies in the management of airlines, so that the graduate knows the strategic options of the company positioning, has acquired the particular features of the different business models as well as an overview of the characteristics of the network management of airlines. The graduate has internalised the sustainable development of air traffic and has learned about the environment in which airlines operate as well as the future developments and challenges facing the air travel industry. He has learned about the application of yield management to the air transport industry. This knowledge has been strengthened through practical training in the system "Rembrandt".

Business Travel Management:
After completing this professional field orientation, the graduate knows the particularities and structures in the business travel market, important features of business travel behaviour and the demands that the business traveller puts onto the service provider. In addition, he knows the providers of specific business travel services, is familiar with the procedural sequence of a business trip, knows the essential responsibilities and duties of a travel manager and has received - as a normal
user and as a travel manager - an insight into the use of an Internet booking engine (cytric).

In addition, the graduate is familiar with the phenomena "Conventions and Conferences" as well as "Trade Fairs", since he has come to know the domestic and international convention and trade fair markets (including important convention location, conference venues and trade fair venues) as well as important management duties and responsibilities.

International Tourism Management:
Graduates are acquainted with the fundamental aspects and the key players of the international tourism market. They understand the international tourism sector and have acquired the necessary qualifications to work in an intercultural management environment. Graduates comprehend the effects of globalization on the tourism industry and the development of international tourism markets and organizations. They can relate this to the corresponding policies and differentiate potential development paths in the international tourism sector. The module on international sustainable management develops the students’ ability to evaluate influences of tourism on regional resources, local communities and the ecological environment. Graduates are able to critically combine sustainability management with international tourism activities. Moreover, graduates have learned in the cross-cultural management module to work in intercultural teams and projects. Finally, the module of international business development strategies enables graduates to analyze, plan and implement business plans and strategies in an international tourism environment.

Consumer Goods Marketing:
The graduate possesses comprehensive knowledge in the areas of brand management (fundamentals of brand management, target systems, brand identity, brand positioning, branding, brand strategies, brand stretching, brand alliances, brand management) as well as in the design and perception of advertising (psychological aspects of the effects of advertising, advertising design, forms, advertising performance control).

The graduate has learned to solve problems of consumer goods marketing via small case studies. He/she can work on solutions in a team and present these solutions in a plenum.

Event Management Planning:
The graduates are capable of using the usual management and marketing tools of general business studies I. They can plan and organize target-group related events and evaluate their success. They have the ability to systematically acquire external funding sources as part of a strategically planned sponsorship management.

In the course of studies, the following forms of examination are utilized: written examination (knowledge verification), term paper (knowledge application, scholarly work), presentation (knowledge presentation, communicative competence), bachelor’s thesis (scholarly work), and colloquium (scholarly disputation of the bachelor’s thesis).

4.3 Programme Details
Courses Taken                        | Grade | Performance Appraisal | ECTS-Credits | ECTS-Grade |
------------------------------------+-------+------------------------+--------------+------------|
Business Administration for Students of Tourism Management | 3     | satisfactory           | 7            | *          |
Statistics and Computer Applications     | 2     | good                   | 7            | *          |
Fundamentals of Tourism Management                   | 1,4   | very good              | 6            | *          |
Fundamentals of Tourism                          | 1,4   | very good              | 5            | *          |
Foreign Language Module 1                     | 1,1   | very good              | 5            | *          |
Financial Accounting                           | 3,3   | satisfactory           | 5            | *          |
Business Mathematics                           | 3,1   | satisfactory           | 5            | *          |
Business Finance                                | 1,3   | very good              | 5            | *          |
Business Law                                   | 1,7   | good                   | 5            | *          |
Cost Accounting 3.3 satisfactory 5 *
Fundamentals of Sales and Communications 3.8 sufficient 5 *
Principles of Economics 1.3 very good 6 *
Taxation and Controlling 2.8 satisfactory 5 *
Foreign Language Module II 2.3 good 7 *
Business Competences 3.1 satisfactory 7 *
Project Work 2.9 satisfactory 5 *
Professional Field Orientation: Tourism Management 3.2 satisfactory *
Professional Field Orientation: Hotel Management 1.2 very good *
Professional Field Orientation: Destination Management 1.1 very good *
Professional Field Orientation: Tourism Marketing 2 good *
Professional Field Orientation: Business Travel Management 1 very good *
Professional Field Orientation: Mobility and Transport Carrier Management 2.9 satisfactory *
Professional Field Orientation: International Tourism Management 2.4 good *
Course Credits from Abroad 1.6 good 60 *
Work Placement 3.2 satisfactory 17 *
Colloquium 1.8 good 1 *
Bachelor Thesis 3.7 sufficient 12 *

Theme: Hier steht dann der Titel der Bachelor- bzw. Masterarbeit in englisch, soweit vorhanden, sonst in deutsch

* Not calculated due to an inadequate number of cases.

4.4 Grading Scheme

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HS Harz Grade</th>
<th>Performance appraisal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.0 - 1.3</td>
<td>Very good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.7 - 2.0</td>
<td>Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.0 - 2.3</td>
<td>Satisfactory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.7 - 3.0</td>
<td>Sufficient</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.0 - 3.3</td>
<td>Non-sufficient/Fail</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.6 - 4.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The calculation of the ECTS-grade results from an examination cohort of the three preceding semesters. In order to be calculated, the ECTS-grade requires at least 20 examination events in the examination cohort.

See below section 8.6

4.5 Overall Classification (in original language)

2.2 (good) ECTS-Grade: C
5. FUNCTION OF THE QUALIFICATION

5.1 Access to Further Study

The graduate has attained the ability to further his knowledge in programmes at the Master’s level. Due to his comprehensive fundamental education in business studies, he can be recommended for the admission to MBA courses of study as well as to master programmes focusing on tourism management.

5.2 Professional Status

Does not apply

6. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

6.1 Additional Information

The graduate has proved extracurricular achievements.

6.2 Further Information Sources

www.hs-harz.de
+49 3943 659 200

7. CERTIFICATION

This Diploma Supplement refers to the following original documents:

Document of the granting of the degree dated 2014-02-17

Examination Certificate dated 2014-02-17

Transcript of Records dated 2014-02-17

Certification Date: 2014-02-17

Chairman Examination Committee

University Seal

8. NATIONAL HIGHER EDUCATION SYSTEM

The information on the national higher education system on the following pages provides a context for the qualification and the type of higher education that awarded it.
8. INFORMATION ON THE GERMAN HIGHER EDUCATION SYSTEM

8.1 Types of Institutions and Institutional Status

Higher education (HE) studies in Germany are offered at three types of Higher Education Institutions (HEIs):  

- **Universitäten** (Universities): including various specialized institutions, offer the whole range of academic disciplines. In the German tradition, universities focus in particular on basic research so that advanced stages of study have mainly theoretical orientation and research-oriented components.

- **Fachhochschulen** (Universities of Applied Sciences): concentrate their study programmes in engineering and other technical disciplines, business-related studies, social work, and design areas. The common mission of applied research and development implies a distinct application-oriented focus and professional character of studies, which include integrated and supervised work assignments in industry, enterprises or other relevant institutions.

- **Kunst- und Musikhochschulen** (Universities of Art/Music): offer studies for artistic careers in fine arts, performing arts and music; in such fields as directing, production, writing in theatre, film, and other media and in a variety of design areas, architecture, media and communication.

Higher Education Institutions are either state or state-recognized enterprises or other relevant institutions.

Higher Education Institutions are either state or state-recognized institutions. In their operations, including the organization of studies and general degree requirements, they are both subject to higher education legislation.

8.2 Types of Programmes and Degrees Awarded

Studies in all three types of institutions have traditionally been offered in integrated "long" (one-tier) programmes leading to Diplom or Magister Artium degrees or completed by a Staatsprüfung (State Examination). Within the framework of the Bologna Process one-tier study programmes are successively being replaced by a two-tier study system. Since 1998, a scheme of first- and second-level degree programmes (Bachelor and Master) was introduced to be offered parallel to or instead of integrated "long" programmes. These programmes are designed to provide enlarged variety and flexibility to students in planning and pursuing educational objectives, they also enhance international compatibility of studies.

The German Qualification Framework for Higher Education Degree describes the degrees of the German Higher Education System. It contains the classification of the qualification levels as well as the resulting qualifications and competencies of the graduates.

For details cf. Sec. 8.4.1, 8.4.2, and 8.4.3 respectively. Table 1 provides a synoptic summary.

8.3 Approval/Accreditation of Programmes and Degrees

To ensure quality and comparability of qualifications, the organization of studies and general degree requirements have to conform to principles and regulations established by the Standing Conference of the Ministers of Education and Cultural Affairs of the Länder in the Federal Republic of Germany (KMK). In 1999, a system of accreditation for programmes of study has become operational under the control of an Accreditation Council at national level. All new programmes have to be accredited under this scheme; after a successful accreditation they receive the quality label of the Accreditation Council.

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### Table 1: Institutions, Programmes and Degrees in German Higher Education

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Programmes/Degrees</th>
<th>Transfer Procedures</th>
<th>First degree</th>
<th>Second degree</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Bachelor (B.A, B.Sc./B.Eng./LL.B./B.Ed.) [3-4 years]</td>
<td>Master (M.A./M.Sc./M.Eng./LL.M./M.M.Ed.) [1-2 years]</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Diplom &amp; Magister Artium (M.A.) degree [4-5 years]</td>
<td>Staatsprüfung (State Examination) [3-6.5 years]</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>[1-2 years]</td>
<td>[1-2 years]</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Diploma (PH) degree [4 years]</td>
<td>Transfer Procedures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Bachelor (B.A, B.Sc./B.Eng./LL.B) [3-4 years]</td>
<td>Master (M.A./M.Sc./M.Eng./LL.M.)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Diploma &amp; Magister Artium (M.A.) degree [4-5 years]</td>
<td>Transfer Procedures</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Diploma &amp; M.A. degree, Certificates, certified examinations [4.5 years]</td>
<td>Transfer Procedures</td>
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<td>Transfer Procedures</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.4 Organization and Structure of Studies

The following programmes apply to all three types of institutions. Bachelor’s and Master’s study courses may be studied consecutively, at various higher education institutions, at different types of higher education institutions and with phases of professional work between the first and the second qualification. The organization of the study programme may make use of modular components and of the European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System (ECTS) with 30 credits corresponding to one semester.

8.4.1 Bachelor

Bachelor degree study programmes lay the academic foundations, provide methodological skills and lead to qualifications related to the professional field. The Bachelor degree is awarded after 3 to 4 years. The Bachelor degree programme includes a thesis requirement. Study courses leading to the Bachelor degree must be accredited according to the Law establishing a Foundation for the Accreditation of Study Programmes in Germany. (Resolution of the Standing Conference of the Ministers of Education and Cultural Affairs of the Länder in the Federal Republic of Germany of 10.10.2003, as amended on 04.02.2010).

First degree programmes (Bachelor) lead to Bachelor of Arts (B.A.), Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.), Bachelor of Engineering (B.Eng.), Bachelor of Laws (B.L.), Bachelor of Fine Arts (B.F.A.), Bachelor of Music (B.Mus.) or Bachelor of Education (B.Ed.).

8.4.2 Master

Master is the second degree after another 1 to 2 years. Master study programmes may be differentiated by the profile types “practice-oriented” and “research-oriented”. Higher Education Institutions define the profile.

The Master degree study programme includes a thesis requirement. Study programmes leading to the Master degree must be accredited according to the Law establishing a Foundation for the Accreditation of Study Programmes in Germany. (Resolution of the Standing Conference of the Ministers of Education and Cultural Affairs of the Länder in the Federal Republic of Germany of 10.10.2003, as amended on 04.02.2010).

Second degree programmes (Master) lead to Master of Arts (M.A.), Master of Science (M.Sc.), Master of Engineering (M.Eng.), Master of Laws (M.L.), Master of Fine Arts (M.F.A.), Master of Music (M.Mus.) or Master of Education (M.Ed.).

Fachhochschulreife (FH) is also possible after 12 years schooling, with a Master’s degree, or after acquiring a Bachelor of Arts (B.A.), Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.), Bachelor of Engineering (B.Eng.), Bachelor of Laws (B.L.), Bachelor of Fine Arts (B.F.A.), Bachelor of Music (B.Mus.) or Bachelor of Education (B.Ed.).

M.A., M.Sc., M.Eng., M.L., M.F.A., M.Mus. are academic equivalents. They qualify to apply for admission to doctoral studies, without acquisition of a further degree, by means of a procedure to determine their aptitude. The universities respectively the doctorate granting institutions regulate entry to a doctorate as well as the structure of the procedure to determine aptitude. Admission further requires the acceptance of the dissertation research project by a professor as a supervisor.

8.5 Doctorate

Universities as well as specialized institutions of university standing and some Universities of Art/Music are doctorate-granting institutions.

The formal prerequisite for admission to doctoral work is a qualified Master (UAS and U), a Magister degree, a Diplom, a Staatsprüfung, or a foreign equivalent. Particularly qualified holders of a Bachelor or a Diplom (FH) degree may also be admitted to doctoral studies without acquisition of a further degree by means of a procedure to determine their aptitude. The universities respectively the doctorate granting institutions regulate entry to a doctorate as well as the structure of the procedure to determine aptitude. Admission further requires the acceptance of the dissertation research project by a professor as a supervisor.

8.6 Grading Scheme

The grading scheme in Germany usually comprises five levels (with numerical equivalents; interval and intermediate grades may be given): "Gut (1) = Very Good; "Gut (2) = Good; "Befriedigend (3) = Satisfactory; "Genügend (4) = Sufficient; "Nicht ausreichend (5) = Non-Sufficient/Fail. The minimum passing grade is "Ausreichend (4). Verbal designations of grades may vary in some cases and for doctoral degrees.

In addition institutions partly already use an ECTS grading scheme.

8.7 Access to Higher Education

The General Higher Education Entrance Qualification (Allgemeine Hochschulreife, Abitur) after 12 to 13 years of schooling allows for admission to all higher educational studies. Specialized variants (Fachgebundene Hochschulreife) allow for admission to particular disciplines. Access to Fachhochschulen (UAS) is also possible with a Fachhochschulreife, which can usually be acquired after 12 years of schooling. Admission to Universities of Art/Music may be based on other or require additional evidence demonstrating individual aptitude.

Higher Education Institutions may in certain cases apply additional admission procedures.

8.8 National Sources of Information

- Kultusministerkonferenz (KMK) [Standing Conference of the Ministers of Education and Cultural Affairs of the Länder in the Federal Republic of Germany]; Lennestrasse 6, D-53113 Bonn; Fax: +49[0]228/501-228; Phone: +49[0]228/501-0
- Central Office for Foreign Education (ZaB) as German NARIC; www.lmk.org; E-Mail: info@lmk.org
- *Documentation and Educational Information Service* as German EURYDICE-Unit, providing the national dossier on the education system more diverse documentations in the area of education at: www.eurydice.org/germany
- Hochschulrektorenkonferenz (HRK) [German Rectors’ Conference]; Ahrstrasse 39, D-53175 Bonn; Fax: +49[0]228/887-110; Phone: +49[0]228/887-0; E-Mail: info@hrk.de
- Higher Education Compass® of the German Rectors’ Conference features comprehensive information on institutions, programmes of study, etc. (www.higher-education-compass.de)

1 The information covers only aspects directly relevant to purposes of the Diploma Supplement. All information as of 1 July 2010.
2 Berufsakademien are not considered as Higher Education Institutions, they only exist in some of the Länder. They offer educational programmes in close cooperation with private companies. Students receive a formal degree and carry out an apprenticeship at the company. Some Berufsakademien offer Bachelor courses which are recognized as an academic degree if they are accredited by a German accreditation agency.
4 Common structural guidelines of the Länder for the accreditation of Bachelor’s and Master’s study courses (Resolution of the Standing Conference of the Ministers of Education and Cultural Affairs of the Länder in the Federal Republic of Germany of 10.10.2003, as amended on 04.02.2010).
6 See note No. 5.
7 See note No. 5.